HENRY COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Henry County School District New Castle, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Henry County School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue

as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are condition or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules, and OPEB schedules as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or

historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, combining and individual school activity fund financial statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, combining and individual school activity fund financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 16, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

Fort Thomas, Kentucky October 16, 2023

As management of the Henry County School District (District) we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets and deferred outflows of the District were more than its liabilities and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,087,711 (net position). The unrestricted net position, which represents the amounts available to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, was a deficit of \$6,911,930. The District is committed to provide postemployment benefits to its employees. As a result, the District has recognized substantial liabilities in the financial statements for these benefits. As of year-end, the District has liabilities of for postemployment benefits of \$15,441,510 which caused the deficit balance in the unrestricted net position.

The District's total net position increased by \$3,473,707.

At the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$7,910,492 an increase of \$325,678 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$5,656,626 is available for spending at the District's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

At the close of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund \$5,656,626 or, approximately 24% of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, district and school administration, business

and plant operations, student transportation, and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-12 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is the state mandated accounting system including a chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The proprietary fund is for food service operations. The fiduciary fund is a trust fund established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare, and teacher support. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-22 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23-56 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position presents financial information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Assets				
Current assets	\$ 8,469,799	\$ 8,945,759	\$ 1,190,061	\$ 1,041,214
Non-current assets	21,973,487	20,520,922	211,056	216,287
Total assets	30,443,286	29,466,681	1,401,117	1,257,501
Deferred outflows	5,101,921	3,343,002	288,782	301,136
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	649,491	1,457,399	55,460	69,285
Non-current liabilities	30,727,789	28,995,020	1,352,327	1,149,672
Total liabilities	31,377,280	30,452,419	1,407,787	1,218,957
Deferred inflows	3,223,576	4,744,178	138,752	341,762
Net position				
Net invesment in capital assets	5,602,416	2,452,076	211,056	216,287
Restricted	2,253,866	1,891,665	(67,696)	(218,369)
Unrestricted	(6,911,931)	(6,727,655)		
Total net position	\$ 944,351	\$ (2,383,914)	\$ 143,360	\$ (2,082)

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			Business-Ty	pe Activities
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	Ju	ine 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Revenues:					
Local revenue sources	\$ 8,791,193	\$ 8,363,768	\$	130,613	\$ 8,363,768
State revenue sources	18,698,029	16,481,561		147,454	16,481,561
Federal revenue sources	4,897,112	3,701,772		1,658,511	3,701,772
Total revenues	\$ 32,386,334	\$ 28,547,101	\$	1,936,578	\$ 28,547,101
Expenses:					
Instruction	\$ 15,879,599	\$ 14,431,616	\$	-	\$ 14,431,616
Student support	1,898,981	1,771,325		-	1,771,325
Instruction staff	1,565,888	1,489,818		-	1,489,818
District administrative	1,047,000	937,605		-	937,605
School administrative	1,555,991	1,416,638		-	1,416,638
Business support	673,386	678,932		-	678,932
Plant operations and maintenance	3,797,559	4,449,140		-	4,449,140
Student transportation	1,985,519	1,932,958		-	1,932,958
Community services	233,074	231,472		-	231,472
Land/site acquistions	6,600	-		-	231,472
Building improvements	-	-		-	-
Interest on long-term debt	442,146	403,969		-	403,969
Food service	18,548	67,996		1,744,914	566,111
Total expenses	\$ 29,104,291	\$ 27,811,469	\$	1,744,914	\$ 28,541,056
Transfers	46,222	19,329	_	(46,222)	(44,329)
Change in net position	\$ 3,328,265	\$ 754,961	\$	145,442	\$ (38,284)

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's government funds reported combined fund balances of \$7,910,492, an increase of \$325,678 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$5,656,626. The total general fund balance increased \$4,726.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had \$21,418,783 net investment in capital assets. Net capital assets increased \$747,258.

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022
Land	\$ 779,610	\$ 285,300	\$ -	\$ -
Land and improvements	133,926	144,815	-	-
Buildings and improvements	16,071,818	17,352,165	-	-
Technology equipment	116,993	73,601	108	108
Vehicles	1,198,258	1,102,219	-	-
General equipment	184,446	148,772	210,948	216,089
Construction in progress	3,447,675	1,348,456		
Total capital assets, net	\$ 21,932,726	\$ 20,455,328	\$ 211,056	\$ 216,197

Long-Term Obligations

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had \$30,280,116 in long-term liabilities. Long-term liabilities increased \$138,424.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2022 6/30/2023	
Bonds payable	\$ 16,330,310	\$ 18,003,252	\$ -	\$ -
Operating leases	40,761	65,594	-	-
Compensated absences	267,535	95,219	-	-
Net OPEB liability	6,979,573	4,910,432	289,971	265,444
Net pension liability	7,109,610	5,917,523	1,062,356	884,228
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 30,727,789	\$ 28,992,020	\$ 1,352,327	\$ 1,149,672

GENERAL FUND BUDGET

Kentucky state statutes and the Kentucky Department of Education require school districts to adopt a budget that has a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a general fund budget that had a contingency of 22%

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Budgeted general fund revenue for the District decreases for the upcoming fiscal year primarily due to lower expected SEEK revenue. Budgeted general fund expenditures decreased slightly for the current year. The budgeted contingency exceeded the 2% minimum requirement.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Finance Officer, Megan Klempner, S. Main Street, New Castle, KY 40050.

	Governmental Busines		Total
Assets	Activities	Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,577,340	\$ 1,056,774	\$ 8,634,114
Receivables	892,459	100,250	992,709
Inventory	-	33,037	33,037
Right-of-use lease assets - operating	40,761	-	40,761
Capital assets, net	21,932,726	211,056	22,143,782
Total assets	30,443,286	1,401,117	31,844,403
Deferred outflows of resources			
OPEB related	3,951,246	115,925	4,067,171
Pension related	1,150,675	172,857_	1,323,532
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,101,921	288,782	5,390,703
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	413,731	55,460	469,191
Unearned revenue	145,576	-	145,576
Accrued interest payable	90,184	-	90,184
Due within one year:			
Lease obligation - operating lease	22,644	-	22,644
Bonds payable	1,707,942	-	1,707,942
Due in more than one year:			
Compensated absences	267,535	-	267,535
Lease obligation - operating lease	18,117	-	18,117
Bonds payable	14,622,368	-	14,622,368
Net OPEB liability	6,979,573	289,971	7,269,544
Net pension liability	7,109,610	1,062,356	8,171,966
Total liabilities	31,377,280	1,407,787	32,785,067
Deferred inflows of resources			
OPEB related	3,060,904	114,445	3,175,349
Pension related	162,672	24,307	186,979
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,223,576	138,752	3,362,328
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	5,602,416	211,056	5,813,472
Restricted (deficit)	2,253,866	(67,696)	2,186,170
Unrestricted (deficit)	(6,911,931)		(6,911,931)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 944,351	\$ 143,360	\$ 1,087,711

		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Expenses	Services	Contribution	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental Activities							
Instruction	\$ 15,879,599	\$ -	\$ 5,163,407	\$ -	\$ (10,716,192)	\$ -	\$ (10,716,192)
Support services:							
Student	1,898,981	-	266,864	-	(1,632,117)		(1,632,117)
Instructional staff	1,565,888	-	388,529	-	(1,177,359)		(1,177,359)
District administration	1,047,000	-	12,367	-	(1,034,633)		(1,034,633)
School administration	1,555,991	-	-	-	(1,555,991)		(1,555,991)
Business	673,386	-	-	-	(673,386)		(673,386)
Plant operation	3,797,559	-	334,731	-	(3,462,828)		(3,462,828)
Student transportation	1,985,519	-	-	-	(1,985,519)		(1,985,519)
Food service	18,548	-	-	-	(18,548)		(18,548)
Community service	233,074	-	227,352	-	(5,722)		(5,722)
Land/site acquistions	6,600	-	-	-	(6,600)		(6,600)
Building improvements	-	-	-	1,138,485	1,138,485		1,138,485
Interest on long-term debt	442,146			423,554	(18,592)		(18,592)
Total governmental activities	29,104,291		6,393,250	1,562,039	(21,149,002)		(21,149,002)
Business-Type Activities							
Food service	1,744,914	86,077	1,669,696			10,859	10,859
Total business-type activities	1,744,914	86,077	1,669,696			10,859	10,859
Total school district	\$ 30,849,205	\$ 86,077	\$ 8,062,946	\$ 1,562,039	(21,149,002)	10,859	(21,138,143)

Governmental **Business-Type Activities Activities** Total **General Revenues** Property taxes 6,417,131 6,417,131 Motor vehicle taxes 811,531 811,531 704,381 704,381 Utilities tax 15,639,852 15,776,121 State aid 136,269 128,661 141,870 Investment earnings 13,209 Other 729,489 31,327 760,816 Transfers 46,222 (46,222)24,477,267 Total general revenues 134,583 24,611,850 Change in net position 3,328,265 145,442 3,473,707 Net position (deficit) - beginning of year (2,383,914)(2,082)(2,385,996) Net position (deficit) - end of year \$ 944,351 143,360 \$ 1,087,711

			Other			Total
	General	Special		rnmental	Go	vernmental
	Fund	Revenue	F	unds		Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents (deficit)	\$ 7,119,438	\$ (362,424)	\$	820,326	\$	7,577,340
Receivables	130,795	761,664		-		892,459
Total assets	\$ 7,250,233	\$ 399,240	\$	820,326	\$	8,469,799
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 149,081	\$ 253,664	\$	10,986	\$	413,731
Unearned revenue		145,576		-		145,576
Total liabilities	149,081	399,240		10,986		559,307
Fund balances						
Restricted	133,768	-		455,923		589,691
Committed	1,310,758	-		353,417		1,664,175
Unassigned	5,656,626			_		5,656,626
Total fund balances	7,101,152		,	809,340		7,910,492
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 7,250,233	\$ 399,240	\$	820,326	\$	8,469,799

Henry County School District Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 7,910,492
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	21,932,726
Deferred outflow and inflow of resources are applicable to future	
periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	3,951,246
Deferred outflows - pensions	1,150,675
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(3,060,904)
Deferred inflows - pension	(162,672)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period	
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(90,184)
Bonds payable	(16,330,310)
Compensated absences	(267,535)
Net OPEB liability	(6,979,573)
Net pension liability	(7,109,610)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 944,351

			Other	Total
	General	Special	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Revenue	Funds	Funds
Revenues				
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 5,502,421	\$ -	\$ 914,710	\$ 6,417,131
Motor vehicle taxes	701,799	-	109,732	811,531
Utility taxes	704,381	-	-	704,381
Earnings on investments	123,840	1,095	3,726	128,661
Other local revenue	108,025	42,384	571,645	722,054
State SEEK	8,695,612	-	-	8,695,612
State on-behalf	6,944,240	-	423,554	7,367,794
State other	104,429	1,391,709	1,138,485	2,634,623
Federal indirect	98,571	4,798,541	-	4,897,112
Total revenues	22,983,318	6,233,729	3,161,852	32,378,899

			Other	Total
	General	Special	Governmental	Governmental
Expenditures	Fund	Revenue	Funds	Funds
Instruction	12,574,474	2,899,687	560,883	16,035,044
Support services:				
Student	1,608,568	266,864	205	1,875,637
Instruction staff	1,142,171	388,529	18,746	1,549,446
District administrative	1,032,883	12,367	-	1,045,250
School administrative	1,505,569	-	-	1,505,569
Business support	641,349	-	-	641,349
Plant operation and maintenance	2,330,405	334,731	-	2,665,136
Student transporation	2,018,988	-	-	2,018,988
Food service	12,792	-	-	12,792
Community services	-	227,352	-	227,352
Land/site acquisition	328,307	-	-	328,307
Building improvements	-	-	2,085,127	2,085,127
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	1,675,000	1,675,000
Interest		-	441,881	441,881
Total expenditures	23,195,506	4,129,530	4,781,842	32,106,878
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(212,188)	2,104,199	(1,619,990)	272,021
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	548,052	40,701	4,216,081	4,804,834
Transfers out	(338,573)	(2,144,900)	(2,275,139)	(4,758,612)
Sale of assets	7,435			7,435
Total other financing sources (uses)	216,914	(2,104,199)	1,940,942	53,657
Net change in fund balances	4,726	-	320,952	325,678
Fund balances - beginning	7,096,426	_	488,388	7,584,814
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 7,101,152	\$ -	\$ 809,340	\$ 7,910,492

Henry County School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities June 30, 2023

\$ 325,678
1,477,398
1,675,000
(2,058)
6,270
(172,316)
(70,679)
88,972
\$ 3,328,265

	Food Service
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,056,774
Accounts receivable	100,250
Inevntories for consumption	33,037
Total current assets	1,190,061
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets, net	211,056
Total noncurrent assets	211,056
Total assets	1,401,117
Deferred outflows of resources	
OPEB related	115,925
Pension related	172,857
Total deferred outflows of resources	288,782
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	55,460
Total current liabilties	55,460
Long-term liabilities	
Net pension liability	289,971
Net OPEB liability	1,062,356
Total long-term liabilities	1,352,327
Total liabilities	1,407,787
Deferred inflows of resources	
OPEB related	114,445
Pension related	24,307
Total deferred inflow of resources	138,752
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	211,056
Restricted	(67,696)
Tota net position (deficit)	\$ 143,360

	Food		
	Service		
	Fund		
Operating revenues			
Food service	\$ 86,077		
Other operating revenue	31,327		
Total operating revenues	117,404		
Operating expenses			
Salaries and wages	503,027		
Employee benefits	170,360		
Purchased services	136,269		
Materials and supplies	864,751		
Other operating expenses	27,013		
Depreciation	43,494		
Total operating expenses	1,744,914		
Operating loss	(1,627,510)		
Non operating revenues			
Operating grants - state	147,454		
Operating grants - federal	1,631,536		
Donated commodities	26,975		
Transfers in			
Transfers out	(46,222)		
Interest income	13,209		
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,772,952		
Net change in fund balances	145,442		
Fund balances - beginning of year	(2,082)		
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 143,360		

Cash flows from operating activities	Food Service
Cash received:	
From food service sales	\$ 86,077
From other activities	31,327
Cash paid:	
To employees	(661,388)
To suppliers	(836,199)
For operating expenses	(163,282)
Cash transfer	(46,222)
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,589,687)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Non operating grants	1,884,881
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,884,881
Cash flows from investing activigties	
Purchases of equipment	(38,263)
Interest on investments	13,209
Net cash provided by investing activities	(25,054)
Net increase in cash	270,140
Cash - beginning of year	786,634
Cash - end of year	\$ 1,056,774
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities	
Operating loss	\$ (1,627,510)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash in operating activities	
Depreciation	43,494
Transfers out	(46,222)
Changes in:	
Inventory	15,402
Payables	(13,825)
Deferred outflows	(147,192)
Deferred inflows	(43,463)
Net OPEB liability	796,911
Net pension liability	(594,257)
Commodities received	26,975
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (1,589,687)
Noncash activities	A 26
Commodities received from federal	\$ 26,575
On-behalf payments received state	\$ 136,269

	Trust
	 Funds
Assets	
Cash	\$ 150,812
Total assets	\$ 150,812
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	 1,635
Total liabilities	 1,635
Net position	
Restricted	\$ 149,177

	Trust Funds		
Additions			
Contributions	\$ 38,661		
Interest income	 1,204		
Total additions	 39,865		
Deductions			
Community serivices	 29,541		
Total deductions	 29,541		
Change in net position	10,324		
Net position - beginning of year	 138,853		
Net position - end of year	\$ 149,177		

NOTE 1: ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Henry County Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of Henry County School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Board. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups or organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated with the Board; such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, and others.

The financial statements of the District include those separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Henry County Board of Education Finance Corporation – The Board authorized the establishment of the Henry County Board of Education Finance Corporation (Corporation), (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the District as a whole. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to determine legal compliance. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds, if any, are presented in a single column.

Governmental Fund Types

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the District. This used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Kentucky. This is a major fund of the District.

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

The District Activity Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for funds received at the school level.

The School Activity Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds.

The Capital Outlay Fund is the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) fund and receives those funds designated by the state as capital outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified by the district's facility plan.

The *Building Fund* is the Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) fund and accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

The *Construction Fund* is used to account for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost, as required by state law.

Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Funds)

The *Food Service Fund* accounts for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. This is a major fund of the District.

Fiduciay Fund Types

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity for the benefit of others and cannot be used to support District activities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The District also reports a fiduciary fund which focuses on net position and changes in net position.

Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of year end. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to long-term compensated absences and postemployment benefits are recorded only when payment is due.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with an initial maturity date of ninety days or less.

The District is authorized by state statute to invest in the following subject to additional requirements of KRS 66.480:

- Obligations of the United States and of its Agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of Deposit
- Bankers Acceptances
- Commercial Paper
- Bonds and Securities of other State and Local Governments
- Mutual Funds, Exchange Traded Funds, Individual Equity Securities and High-quality Corporate bonds managed by a professional investment manager

Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year are stated at cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

Receivables

Accounts receivables are presented, when necessary, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. No allowance has been recorded for the current fiscal year.

Capital Assets

General capital and leased assets are those assets that generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported in both the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives				
Buildings	50 Years				
Improvements	20 Years				
Infrastructure	40 Years				
Vehicles	7 Years				
Genenal equipment	7 Years				

Deferred Outflows

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period, and therefore, are deferred until that time. The District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits on the government-wide financial statements.

Payables and Accrued Liabilities

All payables and accrued liabilities are reported on the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and other long-term obligations are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are payments to employees for accumulated sick leave. These amounts also include the related employer's share of applicable taxes and retirement contributions. District employees may accumulate unused sick leave up to a specified amount depending on their date of hire. Sick leave is payable to employees upon termination or retirement at 30.00% of the current rate of pay on the date of termination or retirement. The District uses the termination method to calculate the compensated absences amounts. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. An expenditure is recognized in the governmental fund as payments come due each period, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences not recorded at the fund level represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

Long-Term Obligations

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. Long-term debt consists of bonds, notes, and lease liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as an other financing source and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employee Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis of as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employee Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis of as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and, are therefore, deferred until that time. The District recognized deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefits on the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, certain revenue transactions have been reported as unavailable revenue. Revenue that is earned by not available is reported as a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted net assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use by external parties or by law through enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position is the amount of net amount of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable. Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted. Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, enabling legislation, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed. Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by District Council ordinance.

Assigned. Amounts that are designated for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed or a there is majority passed vote by District Council.

Unassigned. All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance, and then to committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances in that order.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied in September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all the real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax on telephone communication services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and gas furnished within the District's boundaries.

Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided or fines imposed by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on the decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, where are presented as internal balances.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature an infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the District administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the fiscal year.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

An annual budget is adopted for each governmental fund by ordinance prior to July 1. The budget can be amended by a subsequent ordinance. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the function level.

Subsequent Events

The District evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and disclosure through October 16, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial credit risk. This is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with state statute depository restrictions.

At year end, the District's bank balance was \$9,262,496 and the carrying amount was \$8,634,114. The bank balance was fully covered by FDIC insurance and collateralized securities held by the financial institution, but not in the name of the District.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year is summarized below:

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2022	Additions	Disposals	6/30/2023
Govermental Activities				
Land	\$ 285,300	\$ 494,310	\$ -	\$ 779,610
Land and improvements	551,628	-	-	551,628
Buildings and improvements	48,874,578	59,769	-	48,934,347
Technology equipmenmt	1,315,660	68,600	-	1,384,260
Vehicles	3,548,763	292,370	361,005	3,480,128
General equipment	676,371	82,669	-	759,040
Construction in progress	1,348,456	2,099,219		3,447,675
Total at historical cost	56,600,756	3,096,937	361,005	59,336,688
Less accumulated depreciation				
Land and improvements	406,813	10,889	-	417,702
Buildings and improvements	31,522,413	1,340,116	-	32,862,529
Technology equipmenmt	1,242,059	25,208	-	1,267,267
Vehicles	2,446,544	196,331	361,005	2,281,870
General equipment	527,599	46,995		574,594
Total accumulated depreciation	36,145,428	1,619,539	361,005	37,403,962
Capital assets - net	\$ 20,455,328	\$ 1,477,398	\$ -	\$ 21,932,726

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	Balance 7/1/2022 Additions			dditions	Dis	posals	Balance 6/30/2023		
Business-type Activities		, ,				<u> </u>			
General equipment	\$	784,851	\$	38,263	\$	-	\$	823,114	
Technology equipment		6,810		-				6,810	
Total at historical cost		791,661		38,263				829,924	
Less accumulated depreciation									
General equipment		568,672		43,494		-		612,166	
Technology equipment		6,702		-				6,702	
Total accumulated depreciation		575,374		43,494		-		618,868	
Capital assets - net	\$	216,287	\$	(5,231)	\$	_	\$	211,056	

Depreciation was charged to following government functions:

	Governmental	Busir	ness-type
Instruction	\$ 54,243	\$	_
Student support	24,808		
District admin support	7,104		
School admin support	4,089		
Business support	15,964		
Plant operations	1,382,600		
Student transportation	129,831		
Food service			43,494
Community services	900_		
Depreciation expense	\$ 1,619,539	\$	43,494

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year is summarized below:

					Amount	
	Balance			Balance	Due Within	
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2022	Addtions	Reductions	June 30, 2023	One Year	Long-term
Bonds payable	\$ 18,003,252	\$ -	\$ 1,672,942	\$ 16,330,310	\$ 1,707,942	\$ 14,622,368
Operating leases	65,594	-	24,833	40,761	22,644	18,117
Compensated absences	95,219	172,316	-	267,535	-	267,535
Net OPEB liability	4,910,432	2,069,141	-	6,979,573	-	6,979,573
Net pension liability	5,917,523	1,192,087	-	7,109,610	-	7,109,610
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 28,992,020	\$ 3,433,544	\$ 1,697,775	\$ 30,727,789	\$ 1,730,586	\$ 28,997,203

									Αı	mount		
Balance								Balance	Due	e Within		
Business-type Activities	Ju	ly 1, 2022	P	Addtions	Red	ductions	Jur	ne 30, 2023	Or	ne Year	L	.ong-term
Net OPEB liability	\$	265,444	\$	24,527	\$	-	\$	289,971	\$	0	\$	289,971
Net pension liability		884,228		178,128		-		1,062,356		-		1,062,356
Total long-term liabilities	\$	1,149,672	\$	202,655	\$	-	\$	1,352,327	\$	-	\$	1,352,327

Bonds Payable

The District issues general obligations bonds to provide funds for the acquisition of equipment and the construction of facilities. The bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. General obligations outstanding at year end are as follows:

			Balance
Issue Date	Proceeds	Rates	June 30, 2023
2012	\$ 905,000	875% - 2.250	\$ 100,000
2013	\$ 3,115,000	400% - 3.000	\$ 2,130,000
2014	\$ 4,315,000	000% - 4.000	\$ 3,455,000
2016	\$ 11,875,000	000% - 3.000	\$ 6,460,000
2020	\$ 895,000	000% - 2.500	\$ 785,000
2020-Ref	\$ 3,105,000	600% - 1.700	\$ 2,885,000
2022	\$ 565,000	250% - 3.000	\$ 540,000

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Bond activity for the year is summarized below:

									A	Amount		
		Balance						Balance	Dι	ıe Within		
Issue	J	uly 1, 2022	Ad	ditions	Re	ductions	Jui	ne 30, 2023	0	ne Year	L	ong-term
Series 2012	\$	195,000	\$	-	\$	95,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	0
Series 2013		2,270,000		-		140,000		2,130,000		150,000		1,980,000
Series 2014		3,550,000		-		95,000		3,455,000		90,000		3,365,000
Series 2016		7,640,000		-	1	1,180,000		6,460,000	-	1,205,000		5,255,000
Series 2020		825,000		-		40,000		785,000		40,000		745,000
Series 2020-Ref		2,985,000		-		100,000		2,885,000		100,000		2,785,000
Series 2022		565,000		-		25,000		540,000		25,000		515,000
Total bonds payable		18,030,000		-	1	L,675,000		16,355,000	-	1,710,000		14,645,000
Unamortized bond discou		(26,748)		-		(2,058)		(24,690)		(2,058)		(22,632)
Total bonds payable	\$	18,003,252	\$	-	\$ 1	L,672,942	\$	16,330,310	\$ 2	1,707,942	\$:	14,622,368

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NOTE 4: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES – CONTINUED

Bonds Payable - Continued

Debt service requirements for the District's general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Henry (County	School		
Year End	School I	District	Construction	Commission	Total Debt
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Service
2024	\$ 1,353,445	\$ 342,344	\$ 356,555	\$ 66,772	\$ 2,119,116
2025	1,401,113	311,434	293,887	59,494	2,065,928
2026	1,446,020	277,635	298,980	53,289	2,075,924
2027	1,495,745	241,549	304,255	46,718	2,088,267
2028	1,546,238	206,886	283,762	40,039	2,076,925
2029	1,632,227	145,421	217,773	34,515	2,029,936
2030	1,693,977	125,816	221,023	29,863	2,070,679
2031	1,254,633	51,409	170,367	27,629	1,504,038
2032	1,231,709	25,684	148,291	21,468	1,427,152
2033	285,000	8,550	70,000	19,212	382,762
2034			80,000	17,450	97,450
2035			80,000	15,425	95,425
2036			80,000	13,400	93,400
2037			80,000	11,250	91,250
2038			80,000	9,100	89,100
2039			90,000	6,950	96,950
2040			90,000	4,525	94,525
2041			35,000	2,100	37,100
2042			35,000	1,050	36,050
	\$ 13,340,107	\$ 1,736,728	\$ 3,014,893	\$ 480,249	\$ 18,571,977

Operating Leases

Leases in which the District has entered into as leasee are classified as operating leases – Type B. Following is a summary of property under right-of-use leases:

Right-of-use equipment	\$ 151,830
Accmulated amorization	 111,069
	\$ 40,761

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES – CONTINUED

Operating Leases - Continued

Remaining future payments under the lease contracts are as follows:

2024	\$ 22,644
2025	12,696
2026	 11,544
Total remaining payments	46,884
Less interest component	6,123
	\$ 40,761

A summary of lease costs and other lease information is as follows:

Operating lease cost \$ 28,782

Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:

Operating leases \$ 28,782

Weighted-average remaining lease term

2.52 years

Weighted-average discount rate

7.00%

Compensated absences

Upon retirement from the school system, employees will receive from the District an amount equal to 30.00% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Compensated absence activity for the year is summarized below:

									Ar	mount		
	Е	Balance						Balance	Due	e Within		
	Jul	y 1, 2022	P	Addtions	Red	ductions	Jun	e 30, 2023	On	ne Year	Lo	ong-term
Governmental activities	\$	95,219	\$	172,316	\$	-	\$	267,535	\$	0	\$	267,535
Business-type activities		-		-		-		-		-		
Total compensated absence	\$	95,219	\$	172,316	\$	-	\$	267,535	\$	-	\$	267,535

Pension

The net pension liability associated with the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) at year end is \$8,171,966. See Note 5.

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES – CONTINUED

OPEB

The net OPEB liability associated with the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and the State Teachers Retirement System (TRS) at year end is \$2,230,544 and \$5,039,000, respectively. See Note 6.

NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System (CERS) covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (TRS) covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General Information about the CERS Pension Plan

Plan Description

CERS is a cost-sharing multi-employer public employee retirement system which covers substantially all regular full-time employees of each county, city, and school board and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the Plan. The Plan is administered by the CERS Board of Trustees and is divided into a divided into non-hazardous duty and hazardous duty classifications.

Benefits Provided

CERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits maybe extended to beneficiaries under certain circumstances. Employees are vested in the plan after five years of service.

For retirement purposes, non-hazardous employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008
	Unreduced retirement	27 years service or 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old, or
		25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 to December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old, or
		age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	On or after January 1, 2014
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old, or
		age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal
	Reduced retirement	Not available

NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

General Information about the CERS Pension Plan – Continued

Benefits Provided - Continued

For retirement purposes, hazardous duty employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 At least one month service and 55 years old, or at least 20 years service at any age
	Reduced retirement	At least 15 years service and 50 years old
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 to December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 60 years old, or
		at least 25 years service at any age
	Reduced retirement	At least 15 years service and 50 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	On or after January 1, 2014
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 60 years old, or
		at least 25 years service at any age
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Prior to July 1, 2009, cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) were provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. Effective July 2, 2009, and on July 1 of each year thereafter, the COLA is limited to 1.5% provided the recipient has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA. If the recipient has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA, the increase shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis for each month the recipient has not been receiving benefits in the 12 months preceding the effective date of the COLA. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce cost-of-living adjustments if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands.

Contributions

Employees – Tier 1 plan members are required to contribute 5% (non-hazardous) and 8% (hazardous) of their creditable compensation. Employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 (Tier 2 and Tier 3) are required to contribute an additional 1%.

Employers – The contribution rate for the current year was 23.40% (non-hazardous) and 42.81% (hazardous). The District made all required contributions for fiscal year in the amount of \$790,955.

NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

General Information about the TRS Pension Plan

Plan Description

Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Benefits Provided

For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon

retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in

their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

General Information about the TRS Pension Plan - Continued

Benefits Provided - Continued

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 10.400% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 8.185% of their salary to KTRS.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

CERS

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$8,171,966 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The net pension liability for the plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.1130% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$619,450 related to CERS

TRS

The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The District's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability associated with the district is \$48,038,883.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,447,876 related to TRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$4,447,876 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth.

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NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	CERS					
	Deferred		Deferred			Net
		Outflow Inflow		Inflow		Deferral
Change in liability experience	\$	8,737	\$	72,775		
Change of assumptions		-		-		
Change in investment experience		209,500		-		
Change in proportionate share of contributions		314,300		114,204		
		532,537	\$	186,979	\$	345,558
Subsequent contributions		790,995				
Total	\$	1,323,532				

The contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$790,995 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The net deferral of \$345,558 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	Net		
June 30	Deferral		
2024	\$	41,617	
2025		140,465	
2026		(68,673)	
2027		232,149	
	\$	345,558	

NOTE 5: PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2022 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, using generally accepted actuarial principles

There have been no actuarial assumption or method changes since June 30, 2021. Additionally, there have been no plan provision changes that would materially impact the total pension liability since June 30, 2021.

The actuarial assumptions are:

CERS

Employer fiscal year end 2023 Plan year end 2022

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Asset valuation method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and

the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Amortization method Level percent of pay

Amortization period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019

Payroll growth rate 2.00% Investment return 6.25% Inflation 2.30%

Salary increase - nonhazardous 3.30% to 10.30% Salary increase - hazardous 3.55% to 19.05%

Mortality

Phase-in provision

System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates form P-

2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019 Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined

rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

NOTE 5: PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions - Continued

TRS

Employer fiscal year end 2023 Plan year end 2022

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.00% - 7.50%

Investment return 7.10%

Municipal bond index rate:

Prior measurement date 2.13%
Measurement date 3.37%
Year FNP is expected to be depleted NA

Single equivalent interest rate:

Prior measurement date 7.10%

Measurement date 7.10%

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% annually

Mortality Rates based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted)

Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General

Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed foreach asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the tables below.

NOTE 5: PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Long-term expected rate of return – continued

CERS

		Long-term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Nominal Return
Public equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Core bonds	10.00%	0.28%
Specialty credit/high yield	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Real estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real return	13.00%	4.07%
Expected real return	100.00%	4.28%
Long-term inflation assumption		2.30%

TRS

		Long-term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Nominal Return
Large Cap US Equity	37.40%	4.20%
Small Cap US Equity	2.60%	4.70%
Developed International Equity	16.50%	5.30%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	5.40%
Fixed Income	15.00%	-0.10%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	1.70%
Additional categories	5.00%	2.20%
Real Estate	7.00%	4.00%
Private Equity	7.00%	6.90%
Cash	2.00%	-0.30%
Expected real return	100.00%	7.10%
Long-term inflation assumption		2.50%

NOTE 5: PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount rate

A single discount rate of 6.25% and 7.10% was used to measure the total pension liability for CERS and TRS, respectively, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments for each plan. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the non-hazardous and hazardous pension plans' fiduciary net position and future contributions were separately projected and were each sufficient to finance all the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for each plan.

Sensitivity of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease 5.25%	Discount Rate 6.25%	1% Increase 7.25%	
District's proportionate share of the CERS net				
pension liability	\$ 10,213,944	\$ 8,171,966	\$ 6,483,081	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS and TRS financial report.

NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System (CERS) covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (TRS) covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General Information about the CERS Plan

Plan Description

The CERS Insurance fund is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan which provides group health insurance benefits for plan members that are regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, District, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. OPEB benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. The Plan is administered by the CERS Board of Trustees and is divided into a divided into non-hazardous duty and hazardous duty classifications.

Benefits Provided

The CERS Insurance hospital and medical benefits to eligible plan members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. Premium payments are submitted to DEI. The KRS board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees. The CERS Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

For health insurance purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date:

Tier 1

Participation date Before July 1, 2003

Insurance eligibility 10 years of service credit required

Benefit Set percentage of single coverage health insurance based

on service credit accrued at retirement

Tier 2

Participation date After September 1, 2008 and before December 31, 2013

Insurance eligibility 15 years of service credit required

Benefit Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued,

increased annually

Tier 3

Participation date After December 31, 2013

Insurance eligibility 15 years of service credit required

Benefit Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued,

increased annually

Contributions

Employee Contributions. Tier 1 plan members are not required to contribute. Employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 (Tier 2 and Tier 3) are required to contribute 1.0% of creditable compensation to an account created for payment of health insurance benefits.

Employer Contributions – The contribution rate for the current year was 3.39% (non-hazardous) and 6.78% (hazardous). The District made all required contributions for fiscal year in the amount of \$114,592.

General Information about the TRS Plan

Plan Description

Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined OPEB pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Benefits Provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, six percent (6%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three percent (3%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from Commonwealth appropriation and two and one quarter percent (2.25%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan. The District made all required contributions for the fiscal year in the amount of \$274,334.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

CERS

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$2,230,544 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for CERS. The net OPEB liability for the plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of 2022 contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the 2022 contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 the District's proportionate share was 0.1130%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$326,871 related to CERS.

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NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - Continued

TRS

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$5,039,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for TRS. The net OPEB liability for the plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of 2022 contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the 2022 contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 the District's proportionate share was 0.2029%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$161,310 related to TRS.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

CEDC

CERS		
Deferred	Deferred	Net
Outflow	Inflow	Deferral
\$ 224,523	\$ 511,516	
352,776	290,685	
90,532	-	
108,414	78,148	
776,245	\$ 880,349	\$ (104,104)
114,592		
\$ 890,837		
	TRS	
 Deferred	TRS Deferred	 Net
Deferred Outflow		Net Deferral
	Deferred	
Outflow	Deferred Inflow	
Outflow \$ -	Deferred Inflow	
Outflow \$ - 1,023,000	Deferred Inflow	
Outflow \$ - 1,023,000 268,000	Deferred Inflow \$ 2,118,000 - -	
Outflow \$ - 1,023,000 268,000 1,611,000	Deferred Inflow \$ 2,118,000 - - - 177,000	Deferral
	Outflow \$ 224,523 352,776 90,532 108,414 776,245 114,592	Outflow Inflow \$ 224,523 \$ 511,516 352,776 290,685 90,532 - 108,414 78,148 776,245 \$ 880,349 114,592

NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Total		
	Deferred Outflow	Deferred Inflow	Net Deferral
Change in liability experience	\$ 224,523	\$ 2,629,516	
Change of assumptions	1,375,776	290,685	
Change in investment experience	358,532	-	
Change in proportionate share of contributions	1,719,414	255,148	
	3,678,245	\$ 3,175,349	\$ 502,896
Subsequent contributions	388,926		
Total	\$ 4,067,171		

The contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$388,96 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. The net deferral of \$50,896 will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year ending		Net	
June 30		Deferral	
2024	\$	(82,149)	
2025		(34,822)	
2026	(114,701		
2027	341,568		
2028	273,000		
Thereafter		120,000	
	\$	502,896	

Implicit Subsidy

The fully-insured premiums paid for the Kentucky Employees' Health plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. This implicit subsidy is included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2022 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, using generally accepted actuarial principles

There were no other material assumption changes.

CERS

Employer fiscal year end 2023 Plan year end 2022

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2020 Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Asset valuation method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Amortization method Level percent of pay

Amortization period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019

Payroll growth rate 2.00% Investment return 6.25% Inflation 2.30%

Salary increase - nonhazardous 3.30% to 10.30% Salary increase - hazardous 3.55% to 19.05%

Mortality

System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates form P-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Healthcare trend rates:

Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 6.40% at January 1, 2022, gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years. The 2021 premiums were known at the time of the

valuation and were incorporated into the liability

measurement.

Post-65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. The 2021 premiums were known at the time of the

valuation and were incorporated into the liability

measurement. Additionally, Humana provided "Not to

Exceed" 2022 Medicare premiums, which were incorporated and resulted in an assumed 2.90% increase in Medicare

premiums at January 1, 2022.

Actuarial assumptions - continued

TRS

Employer fiscal year end	2023
Plan year end	2022

Inflation2.50%Real wage growth0.25%Wage inflation2.75%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.00% - 7.50%

Investment return

Health trust 7.10%
Life trust 7.10%
Municipal bond index rate: 3.37%

Year FNP is expected to be depleted

Health trust NA Life trust NA

Single equvalent interest rate:

Health trust 7.10% Life trust 7.10%

Health trust health care cost trends

7.00% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

Under age 65 by FYE 2032

5.125% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

Ages 65 and older by FYE 2035

6.97% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

Medicare Part B premiums by FYE 2034

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed foreach asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.30% and 2.50% per annum for CERS and TRS, respectively.

Long-term expected rate of return - continued

CERS

	Long-te		
	Target	Expected	
Asset Class	Allocation	Nominal Return	
Public equity	50.00%	4.45%	
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%	
Core bonds	10.00%	0.28%	
Specialty credit/high yield	10.00%	2.28%	
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%	
Real estate	7.00%	3.67%	
Real return	13.00%	4.07%	
Expected real return	100.00%	4.28%	
Long-term inflation assumption		2.30%	

TRS - MIF

		Long-term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Nominal Return
Global equity	58.00%	5.10%
Fixed income	9.00%	-0.10%
Real Estate	6.50%	4.00%
Private equity	8.50%	6.90%
High Yield	8.00%	1.70%
Other categories	9.00%	2.20%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	-0.30%
Expected real return	100.00%	7.10%
Long-term inflation assumption		2.50%

Long-term expected rate of return - continued

TRS - LIF

	Long-term	
Target Expected		
Allocation	Nominal Return	
40.00%	4.40%	
23.00%	5.60%	
18.00%	-0.10%	
6.00%	4.00%	
5.00%	6.90%	
6.00%	2.10%	
2.00%	-0.30%	
100.00%	7.10%	
	2.50%	
	Allocation 40.00% 23.00% 18.00% 6.00% 5.00% 6.00% 2.00%	

Discount rate

Single discount rates of 6.25% and 7.10% for CERS and TRS respectivelyt were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2022. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, each plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected separately and were sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the plans actuarially determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy.

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NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.70% nonhazardous and 5.61% hazardous as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of the TRS net			
OPEB liability	\$ 6,322,000	\$ 5,039,000	\$ 3,977,000
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	4.70%	5.70%	6.70%
District's proportionate share of the CERS net			
OPEB liability	\$ 2,981,882	\$ 2,230,544	\$ 1,609,438
Total	\$ 9,303,882	\$ 7,269,544	\$ 5,586,438

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the TRS net			
OPEB liability	\$ 3,778,000	\$ 5,039,000	\$ 6,608,000
District's proportionate share of the CERS net			
OPEB liability	1,658,360	2,230,544	2,917,629
Total	\$ 5,436,360	\$ 7,269,544	\$ 9,525,629

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE 7: ON-BEHALF

For the year ended June 30, 2023 payments made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky on behalf of the District for insurance benefits, retirement benefits, technology, and debt service. The following amounts were recorded in the Statement of Activities and the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance:

Fund				
General	\$ 6,944,240			
Debt service	423,554			
Food service	136,269			
	\$ 7,504,063			
Туре				
Retirement	\$ 4,477,876			
Health insurance less federal reimbursement	2,323,402			
Life insurance	3,838			
Adminsitrative fee	30,652			
HRA/Dental/Vision insurance	144,638			
Technology	100,103			
Debt service	423,554			
	\$ 7,504,063			

NOTE 8: FUND TRANSFERS

The following transfers were made during the year:

From	То	Purpose	 Amount
General fund	Special revenue	Technology Match	\$ 40,701
General fund	Construction fund	Capital outlay	100,462
General fund	Debt service	Debt service	197,410
Special revenue	General fund	Indirect costs	162,727
Special revenue	Construction fund	Capital outlay	1,982,173
Student activity	District activity	District activity	112,212
Capital outlay	General fund	Capital outlay	100,083
Capital outlay	Construction fund	Capital outlay	93,728
Building fund	General fund	Capital outlay	239,021
Building fund	Construction fund	Capital outlay	234,179
Building fund	Debt service	Debt service	1,495,916
Food service	General fund	Indirect costs	 46,222
			\$ 4,804,834

NOTE 9: CONTINGENCIES

Grants. The District receives funding from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. If the federal or state grantor finds that funds have not been used for the intended purposes, the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its expenditures. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed expenditures, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is contingent upon the grantors satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors intent to continue their programs.

Litigation. The District is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. It is neither possible to determine the outcome of these proceedings nor possible to estimate the effects adverse decisions may have on the future expenditures or revenue sources of the District. In the opinion of District management and its legal counsel these legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the accompanying financial statements. Therefore, no provision for any liability that may result upon adjudication of anyr cases has been made in the accompanying financial statements

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The District has obtained insurance coverage through a commercial insurance company. In addition, the District has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. All risk general liability management activities are accounted for in the General Fund. Expenditures and claims are recognized when probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

Management estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the District as of June 30, 2023, will not materially affect the financial condition of the District. Therefore, the General Fund contains no provision for estimated claims. No claim has exceeded insurance coverage amounts in the past three fiscal year.

NOTE 11: GASB 96

The District adopted *GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)*. The District did not identify any contracts that would require reporting under GASB 96.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Budgete	Variance		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 6,733,428	\$ 6,733,428	\$ 7,140,466	\$ 407,038
State sources	14,147,968	14,147,968	15,744,281	1,596,313
Federal sources	50,000	50,000	98,571	48,571
Total revenues	20,931,396	20,931,396	22,983,318	2,051,922
Expenditures				
Instruction	11,829,779	11,829,779	12,574,474	(744,695)
Support services:				-
Student	1,481,973	1,481,973	1,608,568	(126,595)
Instuction staff	1,158,168	1,158,168	1,142,171	15,997
District administrative	761,460	761,460	1,032,883	(271,423)
School administrative	1,415,144	1,415,144	1,505,569	(90,425)
Business	514,671	514,671	641,349	(126,678)
Plant operations	2,617,440	2,617,440	2,330,405	287,035
Student transportation	2,167,738	2,167,738	2,018,988	148,750
Food service	19,422	19,422	12,792	6,630
Land/site acquistions	-	-	328,307	(328,307)
Contingency	4,811,963	4,811,963		4,811,963
Total expenditures	26,777,758	26,777,758	23,195,506	3,582,252
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(5,846,362)	(5,846,362)	(212,188)	(5,634,174)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	393,123	393,123	548,052	154,929
Transfers out	(239,910)	(239,910)	(338,573)	(98,663)
Sale of assets			7,435	7,435
Total other financing sources (uses)	153,213	153,213	216,914	63,701
Net change in fund balances	(5,693,149)	(5,693,149)	4,726	5,697,875
Fund balances - beginning of year	5,693,149	5,693,149	7,096,426	1,403,277
Fund balances - end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,101,152	\$ 7,101,152

	Budgeted		Variance		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final to Actual	
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 40,320	\$ 40,320	\$ 366,514	\$ 326,194	
State sources	1,101,155	1,101,155	1,068,675	(32,480)	
Federal sources	1,379,966	1,379,966	4,798,540	3,418,574	
Total revenues	2,521,441	2,521,441	6,233,729	3,712,288	
Expenditures					
Instruction	1,976,521	1,976,521	2,899,687	(923,166)	
Support services:					
Student	122,387	122,387	266,864	(144,477)	
Instruction staff	247,473	247,473	388,529	(141,056)	
District admin	-	-	12,367	(12,367)	
Plant operations	-	-	334,731	(334,731)	
Community services	217,560	217,560	227,352	(9,792)	
Total expenditures	2,563,941	2,563,941	4,129,530	(1,565,589)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(42,500)	(42,500)	2,104,199	(2,146,699)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	42,500	42,500	40,701	(1,799)	
Transfers out			(2,144,900)	(2,144,900)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	42,500	42,500	(2,104,199)	(2,146,699)	
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	-	
Fund balances - beginning of year	_				
Fund balances - end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary accounting method and GAAP are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

In accordance with state law, the District prepares a general school budget based upon the amount of revenue to be raised by local taxation, including the rate of levy and from estimates of other Local, State and Federal revenues. The budget contains estimated expenditures for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay and other necessary expenses. The budget must be approved by the Board.

The District must formally and publicly examine estimated revenues and expenditures for the subsequent fiscal year by January 31 of each calendar year.

The District must prepare an annual allocation to schools by March 1 of each year for the following fiscal year. This allocation must include the amount for certified and classified staff based on the District's staffing policy and the amount for instructional supplies, materials, travel and equipment.

The District must adopt a tentative working budget for the subsequent fiscal year by May 30 of each year. This budget must contain a minimum 2.00% contingency.

Finally, the District must adopt a final working budget and submit it to the Kentucky Department of Education by September 30 of the current fiscal year.

The Board has the ability to amend the working budget.

	Schedule	of District's Pro	oportionate Sh	nare of the Ne	Pension Liab	ility - CERS				
As of June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Measurement period as of June 30, District's proportion of the net pension	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
liability	0.1130%	0.1150%	0.1115%	0.1135%	0.1105%	0.1102%	0.1138%	0.1108%	0.1125%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,171,966	\$ 6,801,751	\$ 8,551,804	\$ 7,981,029	\$ 6,731,309	\$ 6,453,154	\$ 5,604,969	\$ 4,765,599	\$ 3,649,000	
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,270,921	\$ 2,814,296	\$ 2,478,455	\$ 2,940,681	\$ 2,157,759	\$ 2,736,942	\$ 2,735,206	\$ 2,562,830	\$ -	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	249.84%	241.69%	345.05%	271.40%	311.96%	235.78%	204.92%	185.95%	#DIV/0!	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	52.42%	55.95%	47.81%	50.45%	53.54%	53.32%	55.50%	59.97%	66.80%	
		Sc	hedule of Dist	rict's Contribu	tions - CERS					
As of June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	201
Contractually required contribution	\$ 790,995	\$ 692,454	\$ 676,736	\$ 596,332	\$ 631,660	\$ 374,454	\$ 323,421	\$ 330,930	\$ 460,785	
Actual contribution	790,995	692,454	676,736	596,332	631,660	374,454	323,421	330,930	460,785	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,380,321	\$3,270,921	\$ 2,814,296	\$ 2,478,455	\$ 2,940,681	\$ 2,157,759	\$ 2,736,942	\$ 2,735,206	\$ 2,562,830	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.40%	21.17%	24.05%	24.06%	21.48%	17.35%	11.82%	12.10%	17.98%	#DIV

As of June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Measurement period as of June 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 48,038,883	\$ 36,074,574	\$ 39,102,921	\$ 38,952,151	\$ 36,494,962	\$ 78,730,791	\$ 85,332,602	\$ 71,084,223	\$ 58,884,996	
District's covered payroll	\$ 10,977,033	\$ 9,653,868	\$ 9,480,361	\$ 9,549,297	\$ 9,097,816	\$ 9,254,519	\$ 8,310,672	\$ 9,088,052		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	#DIV/0!	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	56.41%	65.59%	58.27%	58.76%	59.30%	39.83%	35.22%	42.49%	45.59%	
		:	Schedule of Dis	trict's Contribu	tions - TRS					
As of June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	201
Contractually required contribution Actual contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 10,220,669	\$ 10,977,033	\$ 9,653,868	\$ 9,480,361	\$ 9,549,297	\$ 9,097,816	\$ 9,254,519	\$ 8,310,672	\$ 9,088,052	
covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

As of June 30, Measurement period as of June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019 2018	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net	0.1130%	0.1067%	0.1115%	0.1134%	0.4405%	0.1102%
OPEB liability	\$ 2,230,544	\$2,041,876	\$2,691,565	\$1,905,161	\$1,962,261	\$2,216,362
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,258,304	\$2,814,296	\$ 2,478,455	\$ 2,940,681	\$2,157,759	\$2,736,942
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	98.77%	72.55%	108.60%	64.79%	90.94%	80.98%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	60.95%	58.41%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.39%

Schedule of District's Contributions - CERS

As of June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contribution Actual contribution	\$ 114,592 114,592	\$ 130,530 130,530	\$ 135,946 135,946	\$ 150,563 150,563	\$ 128,749 128,749	\$ 140,872 140,872	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$3,380,295	\$2,258,304	\$ 2,814,296	\$ 2,478,455	\$2,940,681	\$ 2,157,759	\$2,736,942
Contributions as a percentage of covered pa	3.39%	5.78%	4.83%	6.07%	4.38%	6.53%	0.00%

Schedule of District's Prop	oortionate Share	of the Net OPE	B Liability - TRS	Medical Insura	nce Plan		
As of June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Measurement period as of June 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.2029%	0.1461%	0.1463%	0.1508%	0.1422%	0.1526%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$5,039,000	\$3,134,000	\$3,693,000	\$4,414,000	\$4,935,000	\$5,440,000	
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,655,000	\$2,545,000	\$ 2,958,000	\$3,564,000	\$4,253,000	\$ 647,000	
District's covered payroll	\$8,977,600	\$9,653,868	\$9,480,361	\$9,549,297	\$9,097,816	\$9,254,519	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	56.13%	32.46%	38.95%	46.22%	54.24%	58.78%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	47.75%	51.47%	39.05%	32.58%	25.54%	21.18%	
Sch	edule of District	's Contributions	s - TRS Medical	Insurance Plan			
As of June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contribution Actual contribution	\$ 274,334 274,334	\$ 269,328 269,328	\$ 258,448 258,448	\$ 262,583 262,583	\$ 253,380 253,380	\$ 261,365 261,365	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	9,144,467	8,977,600	\$9,653,868	\$9,480,361	\$9,549,297	\$9,097,816	\$9,254,5

3.00%

2.68%

2.77%

2.65%

2.87%

0.00%

3.00%

Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	/ - TRS Life Insurance Plan
Schedule of District's Froportionate Share of the Net OFLD Liability	y - III Liie iii Sui alice Fiali

As of June 30, Measurement period as of June 30,		2023 2022		2022		2021 2020		2020 2019		2019 2018		2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%			0.0000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	82,000	\$	34,000	\$	89,000	\$	83,000	\$	73,000	\$	59,000
District's covered payroll	\$8	,977,600	\$9	,653,868	\$9	,480,361	\$9	,549,297	\$9	,097,816	\$9	,254,519
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		73.97%		89.15%		71.57%		73.40%		74.97%		79.99%

Schedule of District's Contributions -TRS Life Insurance Plan

As of June 30,	2	022	2	022	2	021	2	020	2	019	2	2018	2	017
Contractually required contribution Actual contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$9,1	44,467 0.00%	\$8,9	77,600	\$9,6	53,868 0.00%	\$9,4	0.00%	\$ 9,5	49,297 0.00%	\$9,0	0.00%	\$9,2	54,519 0.00%

Changes to Assumptions:

CERS

	no change				
Assumptions	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Valuation date	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2018	6/30/2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal				
Asset valuation method	20% of difference				
Amotrization method	Level percent of pay				
Remaining amortization period	30 years, closed	30 years, closed	25 years, closed	26 years, closed	27 years, closed
Payroll growth rate	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	4.00%
Investment return	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%	7.50%
Inflation	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%	3.25%
Salary increase rate - nonhazardous	3.30% - 10.30%	3.30% - 10.30%	3.30% - 11.55%	3.30% - 11.55%	4.00%
TRS					
Benefits	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
	no change				
Assumptions	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Inflation	2.30%	2.50%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Salary increases	3.00% - 7.50%	3.00% - 7.50%	3.50% - 7.30%	3.50% - 7.30%	3.50% - 7.30%
Investment rate of return	7.10%	7.10%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Muncipal bond index	2.13%	2.13%	3.50%	3.50%	3.89%
Single equivalent investment rate	7.10%	7.10%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%

Changes to Assumptions:

CERS

	no change				
Assumptions	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Valuation date	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal				
Amotrization method	Level percent of pay				
Remaining amortization period	30 years, closed	30 years, closed	25 years, closed	26 years, closed	27 years, closed
Payroll growth rate	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	4.00%
Investment rate of return	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%	7.50%
Inflation	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%	3.25%
Salary increase rate	3.30% - 10.30%	3.30% - 10.30%	3.30% - 11.55%	3.30% - 11.55%	4.00%
Health care cost trends:					
	6.40% decreasing to an	6.25% decreasing to an	7.00% decreasing to an	7.00% decreasing to an	7.00% decreasing to an
Pre-65	ultimate rate of 4.05%				
	in 14 years	in 12 years	in 12 years	in 12 years	in 12 years
	6.30% decreasing to an	5.50% decreasing to an	5.00% decreasing to an	5.00% decreasing to an	5.00% decreasing to an
Post-65	ultimate rate of 4.05%				
	in 13 years	in 12 years	in 12 years	in 12 years	in 12 years

Benefits	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
	no change	no change	no change	no change	no change
Assumptions	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Real wage growth	25.00%	25.00%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Wage inflation	275.00%	275.00%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%
Salary increase rate	3.50% - 7.50%	3.50% - 7.50%	3.50% - 7.20%	3.50% - 7.20%	3.50% - 7.20%
Investment rate of return - MIF	7.10%	7.10%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Investment rate of return - LIF	7.10%	7.10%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Muncipal bond index	2.13%	2.13%	2.19%	3.50%	3.89%
Single equivalent investment rate -	7.10%	7.10%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Single equivalent investment rate -	7.10%	7.10%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Health care cost trends:					
	7.00% decreasing to an	7.00% decreasing to an	7.25% decreasing to an	7.25% decreasing to an	5.25% decreasing to an
Pre-65	ultimate rate of 4.50%	ultimate rate of 4.50%	ultimate rate of 5.00%	ultimate rate of 5.00%	ultimate rate of 5.00%
	by FYE 2031 5.00% decreasing to an	by FYE 2031 5.00% decreasing to an	by FYE 2029 5.25% decreasing to an	by FYE 2029 5.25% decreasing to an	by FYE 202 5.5% decreasing to an
Post-65	ultimate rate of 4.50%	ultimate rate of 4.50%	ultimate rate of 5.00%	ultimate rate of 5.00%	ultimate rate of 5.00%
1 031 03	by FYE 2024	by FYE 2024	by FYE 2022	by FYE 2022	by FYE 202
	4.40% with an ultimate	4.40% with an ultimate	6.49% with an ultimate	6.49% with an ultimate	
Medicare part B premiums	rate of 4.50% by FYE	rate of 4.50% by FYE	rate of 5.00% by FYE	rate of 5.00% by FYE	0.00% with an ultimate
	2034	2034	2031	2031	rate of 5.00% by 2030

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	0	ipital utlay Tund		ilding und	Со	nstruction Fund	Se	ebt rvice und	Total onmajor rernmental Funds
Assets		Tuna		una	· <u> </u>	unu		Turiu		una	 Tanas
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 144,894	\$ 219,220	\$	-	\$	-	\$	456,212	\$	-	\$ 820,326
Total assets	\$ 144,894	\$ 219,220	\$	-	\$	-	\$	456,212	\$	-	\$ 820,326
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$ 10,697	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	289	\$	-	\$ 10,986
Total liabilities	10,697			-		-		289		-	 10,986
Fund balances											
Restricted	-	-		-		-		455,923		-	455,923
Committed	134,197	219,220		-		-				-	 353,417
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund	134,197	219,220		-		-		455,923		-	 809,340
balances	\$ 144,894	\$ 219,220	\$	-	\$	-	\$	456,212	\$	-	\$ 820,326

	District Activity Fund		Student Activity Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund		al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues									
From local sources:		_			4 0			_	
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 914,710	\$ -	\$ -	\$	914,710
Motor vehicle taxes Utilities	-		-	-	109,732	-	-		109,732
Earnings on investments	1,954					1,772			0 3,726
Other local revenue	1,954		- 571,645	-	_	1,//2	-		5,726 571,645
State on-behalf	_		3/1,043	_	_	_	423,554		423,554
State sources	-		_	193,811	944,674	-	-		1,138,485
Total revenues	1,954		571,645	193,811	1,969,116	1,772	423,554		3,161,852
Expenditures									
Instruction	117,382		443,501	-	-	-	-		560,883
Support services:									
Student	205		-	-	-	-	-		205
Instruction staff	18,746		-	-	-	-	-		18,746
Building improvements	-		-	-	-	2,085,127	-		2,085,127
Debt service									
Principal	-		-	-	-	-	1,675,000		1,675,000
Interest							441,881		441,881
Total expenditures	136,333		443,501	0		2,085,127	2,116,881		4,781,842
Excess of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	(134,379)		128,144	193,811	1,969,116	(2,083,355)	(1,693,327)		(1,619,990)
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in	112,212		-	-	-	2,410,542	1,693,327		4,216,081
Transfers out			(112,212)	(193,811)	(1,969,116)				(2,275,139)
Total other financing sources (uses)	112,212		(112,212)	(193,811)	(1,969,116)	2,410,542	1,693,327		1,940,942
Net change in fund balances	(22,167)		15,932	-	-	327,187	-		320,952
Fund balances - beginning	156,364		203,288			128,736			488,388
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 134,197	\$	219,220	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 455,923	\$ -	\$	809,340

	Cash Balance				Cash Balance			
	Jun	e 30, 2022	Receipts	Disk	Disbursements		e 30, 2023	
Henry County High School	\$	137,945	\$ 464,099	\$	431,023	\$	171,021	
Henry County Gaming		202	-		-		202	
Henry County Middle School		53,301	54,051		70,079		37,273	
Campbellsburg Elementary		3,415	20,246		22,763		898	
Eastern Elementary		857	14,131		13,742		1,246	
New Castle Elementary		7,568	19,118		18,106		8,580	
Totals	\$	203,288	\$ 571,645	\$	555,713	\$	219,220	

	Cash Balance				Cash Balance
Fund Name	July 1, 2022	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	June 30, 2023
General	\$ 384	\$ 2,040	\$ 123	\$ (85)	\$ 2,216
Chrome book DAF	85	12,490	12,575	-	-
Educators rising	349	-	-	-	349
Judy Lea memorial	47	-	-	(35)	12
Parking permits	20	586	611	5	-
Instructional DAF	60	16,360	16,505	85	-
Band	3,336	18,055	21,968	4,294	3,717
ROTC	3,839	9,327	9,457	225	3,934
Technology student assoc	43	2,815	2,196	600	1,262
Engineering	3,382	929	7,010	3,416	717
Agriculture	15,182	12,507	9,324	(5,000)	13,365
Freshman	3,090	2,777	837	(2,130)	2,900
Sophmore	4,833	2,368	275	(1,743)	5,183
Junior	3,883	18,052	4,970	1,667	18,632
Senior	3,298	29,608	35,322	3,456	1,040
Project graduation	-	390	390	-	-
Wildcat PC pros	40	-	-		40
Spanish club	509	795	667	-	637
FMD	3,602	8,675	8,529	562	4,310
Digital photo/media	852	-	163	-	689
Art club	109	385	201	-	293
Chess club	489	-	-	-	489
FBLA	5,352	3,490	4,129	(40)	4,673
Y club	60	-	-	-	60
FFA	4,529	11,392	15,572	5,000	5,349
BETA	6,041	608	1,117	(75)	5,457
National honor society	21	920	824	(15)	102
Pep club	292	1,141	958	(75)	400
HOSA	705	2,115	2,330	-	490
Theatre	-	-	-	2,324	2,324
Fine arts	4,648	12,346	4,755	(4,334)	7,905

	Cash Balance				Cash Balance
	July 1, 2022	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	June 30, 2023
Science club	\$ 372	\$ -	\$ 333	\$ -	\$ 39
Academic team	374	-	2,059	-	(1,685)
Journalism/yearbook	1,342	1,639	-	-	2,981
FCA	2,880	390	-	-	3,270
Concession	2,012	49,037	36,987	(10,383)	3,679
Drink/snack	30	-	-	-	30
TW drink machine	23	-	-	-	23
School pictures	-	561	561	-	-
Atheletic	10,237	79,572	89,129	8,514	9,194
Football	5,615	3,642	9,108	767	916
Baseball	18,143	34,423	29,360	45	23,251
Boys basketball	-	11,243	10,196	4,293	5,340
Girls basketball	3,282	4,534	7,719	235	332
Softball	2,763	1,351	1,573	-	2,541
Cross country	3,717	2,245	1,440	-	4,522
Boys golf	90	1,529	691	-	928
Girls golf	77	5,410	4,020	-	1,467
Track	1,131	12,002	9,522	2,810	6,421
Volleyball	6,891	9,255	6,069	(4,000)	6,077
HC youth basketball	-	10,190	4,722	(3,968)	1,500
Boys soccer	117	2,561	1,849	384	1,213
Girls soccer	4,077	3,005	2,419	1,250	5,913
8th reg BC association	2,230	1,700	2,570	1,275	2,635
Cheerleaders	2,430	2,922	2,691	-	2,661
Regional tournament	-	52,033	42,663	-	9,370
Wildcat swim team	883	734	539	(9,369)	(8,291)
Start up	-	3,950	3,995	45	-
PSAT	149				149_
Totals	\$ 137,945	\$ 464,099	\$ 431,023	\$ -	\$ 171,021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluston	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditure for FYE 6/30/2023	
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	3810002	\$ 42,102	
	84.027	3810002	397,882	
	84.027	4910002	22,329	\$ 462,313
Special Education_Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool	84.173	3800002	7,300	
	84.173	3800002	4,409	
	84.173	4900002	2,052	13,761
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002	221,240	
	84.010	3100002	332,417	553,657
Title II Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002	4,129	
	84.367	3230002	63,942	
	84.367	3230002	49,101	117,172
	84.358	3230002	11,433	11,433
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002	9,260	
	84.424	3420002	39,359	48,619
Perkins Vocational Education	84.048	3710002	424	
	84.048	3710002	17,571	17,995
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus	84.425D	4000002	17,981	
Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act	84.425D	4200002	823,148	
	84.425D	4200003	42,725	
	84.425D	4200003	2,545	
	84.425D	4200003	13,553	
	84.425U	4300002	2,625,935	
	84.425U	4300003	2,475	
	84.425U	4300005	28,918	
	84.425W	4980002	9,792	3,567,072
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002		6,519	6,519
	Total U.S Dep	partment of E	ducation	4,798,541

		Pass	Federal	
	Federal	Through	Expenditure	
	Assistance	Grantor's	for FYE	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Clust	Listing	Number	6/30/2023	
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005	136,920	
	10.553	7760005	381,262	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002	298,198	
	10.555	7750002	765,547	
Summer Food Service Program	10 559	7690024	44,420	
	10 559	7690024	396	
Commodities	10.555	Commoditi	26,975	1,653,718
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10 560	7700001	1,658	1,658
State Pandemic EBT Adminstrative Costs Grant	10.649	9990000	3,135	3,135
	Total U.S. De	1,658,511		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 6,457,052

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Henry County School District (District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts, if any, shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE 3: INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4: SUBRECIPIENTS

The District did not provide federal funds to subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 5: COMMODITIES

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the USDA commodities received and disbursed.

NOTE 6: FEDERAL AWARDS RECONCILIATION

Federal revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 4,897,112
Federal grants reported on the Statement or Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	1,631,536
Donated commodities reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	26,975
Total federal awards Less Medicaid reimbursement	6,555,623 (98,571)
Schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 6,457,052



Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Henry County School District New Castle, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Henry County School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 16, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated October 16, 2023.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

Fort Thomas, Kentucky October 16, 2023 Henry County School District Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance June 30, 2023

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Henry County School District New Castle, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Program

We have audited Henry County School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities of those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section or our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Henry County School District Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance June 30, 2023

Auditor's Responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will not always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
 for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Henry County School District Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance June 30, 2023

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

Fort Thomas, Kentucky October 16, 2023

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial State	ements			
	ort the auditor issued on whether the financial audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	_ Unmo	odified_	
Internal cont	trol over financial reporting:			
	eakness(es) identified?	Yes	XNo	
Significant	deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None rep	orted
Noncomplia	nce material to financial statements noted?	Yes	XNo	
Federal Award	ds			
Internal cont	trol over major programs:			
Material w	eakness(es) identified?	Yes	XNo	
Significant	deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None rep	orted
Type of repo	ort the auditor issued on compliance with major			
programs:		Unmo	odified	
Any audit fin	dings disclosed that are required to be reported in			
accordance	with Uniform Guidance (2 CFR 500.516(a))?	Yes	XNone rep	orted
Identification	of Major Programs			
ALN	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
84.425D	COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emerge	ency Relief Fund	(ESSER)	
84.425U	COVID-19 American Rescue Plan (ARP) ESSER			
84.425W	COVID-19 American Rescue Plan (ARP) ESSER Homel	ess		
Dollar thresh	nhold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B			
programs:		\$ 75	50,000	
Auditee qual	ified as low-risk auditee	Yes	XNo	
FCTION II - FIN	JANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS			

SE

None reported

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported

NO PRIOR FINDINGS

Henry County School District Management Letter June 30, 2023

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Henry County School District New Castle, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Henry County School District (District) for the year ended June 30, 2023, we considered the District's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiencies. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and recommendations regarding these matters. Any uncorrected comments from the prior year have been listed in this letter. A separate report dated October 16, 2023, contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated October 16, 2023 on the financial statements of the District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed the comments and recommendations with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at our convenience, to perform additional study of these matters, or do assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

October 16, 2023

New Castle Elementary School

I. Criteria – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) sets accounting guidelines for receipts.

Condition – Forms F-SA-6, Multiple Receipt Form, was not signed by the school bookkeeper.

Cause – Lack of implementation of Redbook policy.

Effect – Noncompliance with Redbook.

Recommendation – Require the use and proper completion of forms when funds are collected from students.

Views of Responsible Officials – District will review Redbook guidance with staff to ensure forms are properly completed.

Henry County Middle School

I. Criteria – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) sets accounting guidelines for disbursements.

Condition – Disbursement forms were not signed by the activity sponsor.

Cause – Lack of implementation of Redbook policy.

Effect - Noncompliance with Redbook.

Recommendation – Require the use and proper completion of forms when disbursement are made from the school activity fund.

Views of Responsible Officials – District will review Redbook guidance with staff to ensure forms are properly completed.

Henry County High School

I. Criteria – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) sets accounting guidelines for receipts.

Condition – Forms F-SA-6, Multiple Receipt Form, was not signed by the school bookeeper.

Cause – Lack of implementation of Redbook policy.

Effect – Noncompliance with Redbook.

Recommendation – Require the use and proper completion of forms when funds are collected from students.

Views of Responsible Officials – District will review Redbook guidance with staff to ensure forms are properly completed.

Henry County High School - Continued

II. Criteria – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) sets accounting guidelines for disbursements.

Condition – Disbursement forms were not signed by both the school principal or bookkeeper.

Cause – Lack of implementation of Redbook policy.

Effect – Noncompliance with Redbook.

Recommendation – Require the use and proper completion of forms when disbursement are made from the school activity fund.

Views of Responsible Officials – District will review Redbook guidance with staff to ensure forms are properly completed.

III. Criteria – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) sets accounting guidelines for receipts.

Condition – Disbursement forms were not accurately reconciled to the supporting invoices.

Cause – Lack of implementation of Redbook policy.

Effect - Noncompliance with Redbook.

Recommendation – Require the proper review of invoices prior to disbursing funds.

Views of Responsible Officials – District will review Redbook guidance with staff to ensure forms are properly completed.

IV. Criteria – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) sets accounting guidelines for organizations with deficit balances.

Condition – Two organizations ended the year with deficit balances.

Cause – Lack of implementation of Redbook policy.

Effect - Noncompliance with Redbook.

Recommendation – Redbook requires the general activity account to cover the deficits by June 30.

Views of Responsible Officials – District will review Redbook guidance with staff.

PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS

No comments were repeated from the prior year.